

BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION.

VOL. XXXI.

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NO. 1,560.



CHRONICLE-UNION.

ALEX. C. FOLGER. EDITOR. M. FOLGER.

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TERMS:

For one year (in advance) \$3.00

For six months 1.75

For three months 1.00

OFFICE:

Corner of Bryant and Market Streets.

(Court House Block).

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Superior Judge Wm. H. Vreden.

County Clerk, Auditor and Recorder John D. Murphy.

Assessor Joseph A. Brown.

County Attorney H. S. Kelly.

Superintendent of Schools Coraella Richards.

Superintendent of Public Administration William Stewart.

Superintendent of the Prison Wm. H. Vreden.

Superintendent of the State Prison Wm. H. Vreden.

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LEGAL.

Taxes, 1891. Taxes.

NOTICE

TO

TAX PAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE

SECOND AND LAST INSTALLMENT

of the Tax on the REAL ESTATE in Mono County,

California, being One-half (1/2) of said Tax,

is now due and payable, and if not paid prior

to the

TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF APRIL, 1892,

at SIX o'clock P. M. of that day, a penalty of

FIVE (5) per cent. will be added thereto.

ALSO, further NOTICE is given that the Tax

on the whole of the Personal Property, and one

half (1/2) the Tax on the Real Estate, was not paid

when due, as the First Installment, prior to the

30th day of November, 1891, and to which a

penalty of Five (5) per cent. was added

thereon, is due and payable, and, if not paid

prior to the

TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF APRIL, 1892,

at SIX o'clock P. M. of that day, an additional

penalty of FIVE (5) per cent. will be added

thereto, making a total of TWENTY (20) per

cent.

AND NOTICE is further given that, if the

Tax is not paid prior to the

THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1892,

the list of DELINQUENT TAXES will be placed

with the printer, and published on the

ELEVEN (11) DAY OF JUNE, 1892,

and will be sold on the

FIFTH DAY OF JULY, 1892,

at TEN o'clock A. M. of that day, at the front

door of the Court House, in the Town of Bridge-

port, Mono County, California, for the full money

of the United States, cash in hand paid.

N. B.—Taxes are payable in United States law

ful money. Checks will be first cashed before

the amount is credited or receipt given.

Dated Bridgeport, January 11th, 1892.

M. J. CODY, Tax Collector

of Mono County, California.

Filed 1892

MISCELLANEOUS.

TEACH YOURSELF TO READ IN 30 DAYS. \$3.00. A. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

A FEW ART NOTES.

HENRY S. IRVING, the young English-

man, who has been selected to make a

statue of Farragut for Boston, is only

twenty-eight years of age.

San Francisco Lighter has con-

sented to act as chairman of the first

section of the royal commission for the

Chicago exhibition.

Miss HARRIET HOSMER, the sculptor,

is to receive \$25,000 for her work

"Queen Isabella of Castile," which is to

be unveiled at the opening of the

world's department of the world's fair.

Rosa Bonheur has finished the large

animal picture ever painted. It is

called "Le Depiquage," and represents

horses, large as life, trotting over

SALTON'S INLAND SEA.

A New Body of Water in an Arid

Region.

A party of explorers has lately re-

turned from the Salton sea district, and

it is evident from their report that the

new inland sea is here to stay. When

water first came into the old dry bed it

was said by scientists that it was only

a temporary affair which came periodically

and which would go away as soon as

the sun had full play upon the water.

For some weeks there was no per-

ceptible increase of the water, and

then it began to recede, and the scient-

ists in question felt proud of their pre-

dictions and saw them verified.

The report of the men who have just

returned, however, taken from the glory

of those who thought they knew all

about it. The report says that the sea

is not only still there, but it is increas-

ing. The water is gradually rising, and

notwithstanding the constant

evaporation which is going on, the sea

now has an area many miles greater

than it had when it was formed. The

water is steadily advancing, and it will

not be long at the present rate before

the whole surface of the old bed will be

covered many feet deep by the salt

water.

There is undoubtedly some under-

ground connection with the ocean, for

the water is coming in much faster

than the small stream connecting it

with New River and the Colorado would

warrant. The water is intensely salt,

and has the peculiar acid taste of the

sea water. The party which has just

returned made a trip clear around the

sea, and saw no place where there was

CHANGE OF BUSINESS.

History of the Vessel Which Is Now a

Brooklyn Hotel Ship.

At the foot of Thirty-sixth street,

Brooklyn, a dismantled bark is made

first to the strip piece by heavy chains,

says the New York Recorder. Upon its

main deck forward has been constructed

a chapel and within the six pillars that

support the roof hangs a large bell

which is used to call together the

congregation of sailors from the surround-

ing shipping, who three times a week

assemble there in worship.

For twenty years the craft has been

used as a hotel ship, with Rev.

Timothy Long, as pastor, who has

been saving up money to buy a plot of

land at the intersection of

Thirty-sixth street and Erie avenue,

where he is to erect a stationary edifice

for his congregation. When this is

finished he proposes selling the present

floating structure. Mr. Long describes

the bark as staunch, copper-bottomed

and sound, so it is not without the

possibility that it may be

landed and sold as a sea again.

The bark has an exciting history.

It was built and commanded by

Capt. John Tam, who is well

remembered by old whalers,

who speak of him as one of the

ablest and most successful of whalers.

For years he commanded a five hun-

dred-ton bark, but she was sunk by a

whale, and then he had a bark built

of the oak and lumbered in Belfast, Me.

He had his crew make fast in this

vessel, and in 1867 he retired. In 1869

the bark changed into a propeller,

and her appearance in these waters

ONLY A LITTLE DOG.

But She Had to Leave For Puppies to

Hunt for Lost Sheep.

Dr. Dio Lewis was traveling in the

west and had come to a ranch where-

on was a shepherd's dog that the owner

would not sell for five hundred dollars.

She had at the time four young puppies.

While the visitor was admiring the

little mother and her babies the assist-

ant herder reported twenty sheep miss-

ing. Two dogs, each larger than the

little mother, were standing about, but

the herder said neither Tom nor Dick

would find the missing sheep; Flora

must go.

In vain did the assistant urge that her

feet were sore; she had been hard at

work all day and was nearly worn out

and must, in any case, attend to the

wants of her puppies. The master in-

sisted. The sun was setting, and there

was no time to lose.

Flora was called and told to hunt for

the lost sheep, her master pointing to

the forest on whose edge the sheep was

situated. She raised her head, but

seemed loath to leave her babies. The

master called sharply to her. She

rose, looking tired and broken-hearted,

and with head and tail down, trotted

wearily off toward the forest.

"She'll be right back. She's light-

ning on stray sheep." Next morning

the doctor rode over to learn whether

Flora had found the strays. As he

alighted from the saddle the dog re-

turned, driving the sheep. Flora did

not raise her head or wag her tail, even

when spoken to, but crawled to her

puppies and lay down by them. She

had been out all night, and scarcely

SOCIETY IN THE GULCH.

Jim Couldn't Go Because He Was Short

on Ornaments.

There was to be a dance in the gulch

that night, and all her beauty and her

chivalry were to be on hand, says New

York Truth.

Upon the mountain side a light flick-

ered from the window of Dandy Jim's

cabin.

The revelers observed it as they

went in groups to the ball and won-

dered.

Jim was usually the very first at all

festive occasions and the last to leave.

An hour after the latest arrivals had

made their appearance Jim had not

come.

Wonder gave place to alarm then

and a committee of three was appointed

to go to Jim's cabin and investigate.

The light from the window streamed

CHRONICLE-UNION

BRIDGEPORT, MAY 28, 1892.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

E. C. DARR—Merchandise Exchange.
L. P. FISHER—Merchandise Exchange.
G. H. KELLOGG—320 Pine Street.

(New York Press.)
TARIFF PICTURES.

"If we do not buy we cannot sell" was ever the free trader's cry till the McKinley bill passed. Since then he has been silenced by such facts as this, that we exported \$842,958,403 in the year ending March 31, 1890, which closed six months before the McKinley bill became a law, and that we exported \$1,006,284,506 in the year ending March 31, 1892, which opened six months after the McKinley bill became a law.

This is the amount the Democracy is willing to appropriate to build fortifications to make our great sea coast cities secure: \$2,412,376.

This is the sum it has voted to take from the Treasury and spend in river and harbor appropriations, mainly in the districts of Democratic Congressmen: \$48,000,000.

TAXES BY INSTALLMENTS.

The CHRONICLE-UNION years ago advocated the payment of State and County taxes semi-annually, and was, we think, the first to suggest the plan which took so long to mature in our legislative halls, and the wisdom of the Act in the last Legislature in providing for the collection of such taxes semi-annually is evident by the small delinquent lists reported by the several counties of the State. For instance we will take the large county of Sacramento, with a \$30,000,000 assessment roll: In 1887 the delinquent roll footed up \$7,375 91; 1888, \$7,920 59; 1890 \$8,175 17. This year under the installment plan, her delinquent list is \$568 25. And it is so in most of the counties, and the Sacramento Gazette, in commenting on the workings of the new Revenue law, says "that the saving in cost of advertising alone will more than compensate for the extra cost of collecting under the new system. It is stated that the two-year system also has further advantages, beneficial alike to Tax Collectors and Tax payers." Tax Collector O'Brien, of San Francisco, who first denounced the system, now says it is a good law, and has been a great help to the poorer classes in the payment of their taxes, and it leaves them a little money to use during the holiday season, whereas under the old law the taxes were due in a bulk on the day before or day after Christmas, and the poor man had to take up every cent to meet the innumerable demands of the tax gatherer, and nothing was left over for a little present for the wife and children, or for an outfit on the great day of the year. The Act will bear amending next Winter, but the main features of it should not be changed. It would make less work for the Tax Collectors to have the tax on personal property collected at one time, and that on real estate at another, instead of all the personal and half of the real, as now. But it is a pretty good law as it stands now.

ALL WRONG.—We notice in some of our exchanges "Notices to Co-owners," in which they are notified that their interests in the mine will be forfeited if the assessment for work done is not paid within "90 days from the date of said notice." This is wrong. The Notice in the same as a summons, and the delinquent has 90 days from the last day of publication, or 180 days after the first publication of the Notice. We should think publishers in mining counties were better posted and would correct such advertisements, as they might cause litigation.

It is a fact, says the Santa Ana Blade, that oranges that were frost bitten last Winter and left hanging on the trees are recovering—that is to say, those of which the stems were not killed. The Blade bases this assertion on the statement of four or five orange growers, who have informed it that oranges which were unmarketable two months ago are now selling for \$1 per box in the orchard.

We are constantly learning something new of our wonderful Southern counties.

A young man named Chas. Edson, says the Inyo Register, who formerly resided at Bishop, was recently lynched in Idaho for murder. Rather unfortunate for Mr. Edson. Inyo or Mono would have been more quiet with him.

A couple were recently secretly married in the matrimonial bed of Bartholdi's God-dess at Liberty in New York harbor. People will resort to queer places to have the "kiss."

Anton Viki, a Santa Barbara murderer, will have the honor of being the first one to be hanged at San Quentin under the new law.

Deacon, the slayer of Abeille, has been sent to prison for one year by a French Court.

The first car load of new wheat has been received in San Francisco from Kern county.

DE YOUNG-FELTON.

A Senatorial Scandal.

The people of this State are now treated to another scandal in connection with the last bodiless Legislature. It now comes out that Felton and De Young were mixed up in a nice arrangement—to them. The Los Angeles Times publishes an agreement between these two worthies regarding the election of United States Senator, both having been candidates last Winter, when Felton was elected. The following tells the whole story of their little arrangement to parcel out United States Senatorships:

"Just prior to the final vote for United States Senator in the joint Convention of the Legislature, M. H. De Young and Harrison Gray Otis, as the De Young party, and Charles N. Felton and Colonel J. P. Jackson, as the Felton party, met by arrangement for the purpose of reaching an agreement and the consolidation of their strength and influence.

The conclusions of the arrangement were first stated by Felton. He declared that as he understood it, he was to support the candidacy of De Young for the place which would become vacant by the expiration of his time. He also agreed that should Senator Stanford die or resign before the expiration of the term to which he would be elected, he would assist M. H. De Young in securing the appointment, if made by the Governor, or the election, if the choice fell to the Legislature.

The agreement was written out by Harrison Gray Otis of the Los Angeles Times, and each of the parties hold a copy of it. The agreement, which has been signed and may hereafter be seen by any one, states that M. H. De Young will use all of his influence to turn the votes which had supported his candidacy for United States Senator over to Felton, in consideration of which Felton was to support his election to the United States Senate in the campaign of 1892.

Mr. Felton accepted a written statement of this whole matter and the statement was in quadruplicate form, each of the parties carrying a copy. There is, therefore, no longer any doubt that Felton and De Young entered into an alliance whereby Felton was to be made Senator for the short term, and for that service was to transfer his influence and secure the election of De Young to succeed him.

The additional fact that he was to be the successor of Senator Stanford in the event of death or resignation has not before been stated.

De Young, with his brother before him, for the past thirty years has posed with his paper as anticorruptionist, a sort of "holier than thou" individual, and every public man, or aspirant for office, who has not been in his or their interest, was denounced as a corrupt man, or "bodder" as the term now is. His paper has sounded every body that was not for De Young or in his interest. He has disrupted the Republican party to further his own personal feelings, or those of his brother Charles, who was living when he compassed the defeat of a Republican Legislature in order to best Sargent, and which resulted in the election of Farley, a Democrat, to the United States Senate. His paper encouraged and fanned the Dennis Kearney crowd out of the people of the State, and has repeatedly shown his antagonism to the Republican party when ever he could not control its leaders through his paper. Four years ago he was unfortunately elected a delegate to the Chicago Convention, where he opposed Harrison's nomination and had it telegraphed over the Union that he could not carry a single Pacific State because he was in favor of the Chinese. It is well known that his course in that Convention, and his assinine utterances, made the campaign in this State an uphill and costly one. This Felton-De Young agreement ought to, and will, send both to their political hell. The Republican of this State will vote for Democratic Legislature before they will allow these two men to parcel out the Senatorship to suit themselves.

Some of our States are pretty low down in their representation in the Senate, but when California drops in the scale of civilization as to be represented there by De Young, she will be at the lowest peg.

The Kansas Democrats, who elected "sockless" Simpson to Congress, have had enough of him, and they are now organizing to defeat him next Fall, should he be nominated for re-election. They propose running a straight Democratic ticket, which will probably insure the election of the Republican candidate.

It looks funny to see little Rhode Island sending in a petition, signed by 400,000 people, against opening the World's Fair on Sunday, when she has only some over 300,000 population, men, women and children in the whole State. Even these religious fanatics cannot be honest.

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice of Amendment.

SUMMIT GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Bodie, Mono County, California.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the TWENTY-NINTH day of May, 1892, an assessment (No. 12) of Five Cents (.05) per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the company, Room 62 Nevada Block, No. 307 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of JUNE, 1892, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, the NINETEENTH day of JULY, 1892, to pay the delinquent assessment together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
M. E. WILLIS, Secretary.
Office—Room 62, Nevada Block, No. 307 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.
(May 28, 1892)

The wayward young man, broken in health, had gone to the far southwest to recuperate. He was in jail at Tombstone, A. T., for stealing a hind quarter of beef. In the loneliness of his cell he sat down and wrote as follows: "Dear Father: I have picked up some flesh since I came out here, but I am still confined to my room. Please send me one hundred dollars," etc.—Shoe and Leather Review.

Notice for Publication of Time Appointed for Proving Will, etc.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Mono, State of California.
In the Matter of the Estate of ALICE MAY SCHUMAKER, Deceased.
Petition of M. J. Cody and G. B. Day having been duly filed on the 24th day of May, 1892, praying that the Will of Alice May Schumaker, deceased, be admitted to probate, notice is hereby given, that

MONDAY, the 6th DAY of JUNE, 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court House of said County, at the Court House in the County of Mono, has been appointed as the time and place for proving the Will of said Alice May Schumaker, deceased, and for hearing him of Letters Testamentary, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.
Dated May 14th, 1892.
my21-td J. D. MURPHY, Clerk.

CATTLE AND SHEEP LICENSES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT CATTLE AND SHEEP LICENSES are due and payable at my office, in the Court House, Bridgeport, Mono County, California.
MORRIS P. HAYS,
Special License Tax Collector.
Bridgeport May 15th, 1892. my14

MOTIVE HERCULES Gas and Gasoline POWER ENGINES

Have fewer parts, and are simpler than any other gas or gasoline engine ever built. Just light the burner, turn the wheel, and you are all day.
MAKES NO SMOKE OR DIRT.
No double or false explosions, no frequent stopping, no unreliable spark.

For Simplicity it Beats the World.
It Starts Instantly.
No Batteries or Electric Spark.
It runs with a Cheaper Grade of Gasoline than any other engine.

FOR DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS APPLY TO
PALMER & REY, MANUFACTURERS,
314 Franklin St., San Francisco, Cal.

Teachers' Examination.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal., March 19, 1892.

THE NEXT REGULAR MEETING OF THE County Board of Education of Mono County will be held on

TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1892,

at Bridgeport.
Applicants for Teachers' Certificates or Diplomas will please file their intentions with the School Superintendent, and Secretary of the Board.

The following are the studies required for a Primary Grade Certificate:

Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Composition, United States History, Orthography, Penmanship, Reading, Methods of Teaching, School Law, Industrial Drawing, Physiology, Entomology, Civil Government, Elementary Bookkeeping, Vocal Music.

The additional branches required for Grammar Grade Certificates are as follows:

Philosophy, Algebra.
mh26-td CORNELIA RICHARDS, Superintendent of Schools.

BRIDGEPORT STABLE.

Livery and Sale Stable.
MAIN AND BINKLEY STREETS, BRIDGEPORT.

HORSES fed HAY and GRAIN at ONE DOLLAR per day, per head.
Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed.
OTTO K. LARSEN, Manager.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Board of Education, in the County Court House, in the Town of Bridgeport, County of Mono, State of California, up to the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. on

FRIDAY, JUNE 17th, 1892,

for furnishing said county Text and Supplementary Text Books as follows: Books upon the subjects of Geometry, Botany, Drawing, and Writing. Supplementary Books upon the subjects of Reading and History.

A deposit of coin or a certified check, payable to the Treasurer of Mono County, for the sum of Twenty-Five Dollars (\$25), will be required as a guarantee that the successful bidder will within ten days after the award of the contract, enter into a contract, and furnish a bond, to be approved by the Superior Judge of Mono County, in the sum of \$1,000.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.
Dated Bridgeport, April 12th, 1892.
ap16-60d CORNELIA RICHARDS, Superintendent of Schools.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.
This grease is made from the purest materials, and is the best for all purposes. It is sold by all dealers in oil and grease.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

While O'Brien's circus was being transported over the Kentucky Central Railroad on the 17th, an elephant, too heavy for the road, caused a section of the road to give way under his weight, sinking the car and truck some eight feet into the mud, the following cars, which were filled with animals, being dumped on top of the elephant car.

For a time the wildest excitement and confusion reigned. Eight hours were spent in clearing the wreckage and removing the elephant, who had to be taken out through the roof of the car.

The road near Middleville is constructed on made ground which recent rains probably weakened. While the loss through the accident is light the elephant who got stuck in the mud succeeded in blocking traffic for eight hours.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Quick Time and Cheap Fares To Eastern and European Cities, via the Great Trans-continental all-rail Route—OF THE—

Southern Pacific Company.

(PACIFIC SYSTEM.)
Daily Express Trains make prompt connections with the several Railway lines in the East, and at

NEW YORK AND NEW ORLEANS

With the several Steamer Lines to ALL EUROPEAN PORTS.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars—AND—
TOURIST-SLEEPING CARS—attached to Overland Express Trains.

Tickets sold, Sleeping Car Berths secured and proper information given upon application at the Company's Office, where passengers calling in person can secure choice of

Orders sold at Lowest Rates for tickets for passage from Europe and Eastern Cities to any point in the Pacific States and Territories. These Orders, if not used, will be redeemed at the full amount paid therefor.

RICH D. GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager, T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. Agt., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

RAILROAD LANDS

For Lands in Central and Northern California, Oregon, Nevada and Utah, apply to or address W. H. MILLS, Land Agent, C. P. M. R. R., SAN FRANCISCO.

For Lands in Southern California, apply to or address JEROME MADDEN, Land Agent, S. P. R. R., SAN FRANCISCO.

GELATT'S BRIDGEPORT LINE.

Carrying the United States Mail.

On and after JULY 1st, 1891, will leave GENOA (On ARRIVAL of STAGES from CARSON) MONDAYS and FRIDAYS.

Connecting at HOLBROOK'S, on above days, for

TOPAZ, COLEVILLE and BRIDGEPORT.

Leaves BRIDGEPORT at 6 A. M. on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS for

Coleville, Topaz and Holbrook's, CONNECTING WITH STAGES FOR Genoa and Carson.

R. GELATT, Proprietor.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

EASTWALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD are as follows:

Buggy team.....\$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals.....1 00
Each additional pair of animals.....50
Horseman, each.....25
Pack animal, each.....25
Sigs and sheep, each.....5
Loose stock, each.....5
Empty teams, half-price.

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD are as follows:

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit is given.

Buggy team.....\$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals.....1 00
Each additional pair of animals.....50
Horseman, each.....25
Pack animal, each.....25
Sigs and sheep, each.....5
Loose stock, each.....5
Empty teams half-price.

ANTELOPE TOLL ROAD.

RATES OF TOLL.

Horse and buggy.....75
Double team.....1 00
Additional span.....75
Horseman.....25
Loose stock.....5
Empty teams.....5

WILLIAM REICH.

LEGAL.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE TO CO-OWNERS.

TO BENJAMIN HEALEY, THE ESTATE OF NATHAN ATKINSON, PHILIP A. ATKINSON, GEORGE E. HEWSON, SARAH A. CARL, WIFE OF JOSEPH CARL, NATHAN ATKINSON HEWSON, THE ESTATE OF HENRY WILLIAMS, MARY WILLIAMS, AND ALL OTHERS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

You and each of you are hereby notified that I, the undersigned, have expended One Hundred Dollars in labor and improvements upon the Mining Claim, known as the "STAN MINE," being situated and lying in Patterson Mining District, Mono County, State of California, and more fully described in the Location Notice recorded in Liber C, Folio 129, Mining Location, Records of Mono County, California; in order to hold said premises, under the provisions of Section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required for holding the same for the year ending December 31st, 1891; as will appear by a Certificate of Proof of Labor, filed January 4th, 1892, in the office of the Recorder of said County. And if, within ninety days after this notice by publication, you or either of you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure, your, and each of your several interests in said claim will become the property of the subscriber, under said Section 2324.
Dated San Francisco, Cal., February 27th, 1892.
MARTIN JONES.

First publication, March 5, 1892, mms 9nd

HOTELS.

ALLEN HOUSE, BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

First-Class In Its Appointments.

Livery and Feed Stable connected with the Hotel.
The patronage of the Public respectfully solicited.
my20-1f LEWIS A. MURPHY.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, Main street.

BODIE.....CAL.
N. W. BOYD.....Proprietor

TIME ABOVE HOTEL WILL BE conducted as first-class in all its Departments.

The Table Cannot Be Excelled.
THE ROOMS ARE FIRST-CLASS.
Being Heated and Kept Scrupulously Clean.
Very Best Attention, as well as the Best Accommodations

HOT SPRINGS HOTEL, JUNCTION OF THE ANTELOPE AND SONOMA WAGON ROADS.

(46 miles from Sonoma and 30 from Bodie) MONO COUNTY, CAL.

This well-known and popular Summer Resort is pleasantly situated on the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, amid wild and picturesque scenery, which offers superior inducements for tourists. The best of accommodations for families, the rooms being large and airy. For invalids the

STEAM, MUD AND SWIMMING BATHS.
The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.
Wood Fishing in Walker River.
Commodious Stabling.
my22-4f

BARNETT'S HOTEL, COLEVILLE, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

Antelope Wagon Road, 30 miles from Carson City and 51 from Bodie.

U. M. BARNETT.....Proprietor
The hotel is new, commodious and pleasantly situated.

The table is supplied with the best the market affords.

The BAR is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Stabling and Blacksmith shop connected with the house.

PALACE SALOON, (Brick Building) MAIN STREET, BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.
n7-1f THOMAS FALES.

BRIDGEPORT SALOON, CORNER OF COURT HOUSE BLOCK AND MAIN STREET.

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.
This SALOON has been refitted, and is stocked with the BEST of WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.
And will be conducted first-class.

my22-4f B. L. SIMMONS, Proprietor

PIONEER SALOON, GURNEY BUILDING—MAIN STREET, BRIDGEPORT.

Refitted and furnished with the BEST of everything required in a First-Class Saloon

my22-1f F. M. RICHARDSON.

BEST JOB PRINTING AT THIS OFFICE.

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H. M. EDDY, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY, BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

Will practice in all the Courts of the State of California. Land, Mining, and Water Rights, a specialty. Office—Court House.

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Will practice in all the Courts of California and Nevada. Mining litigation with reserve special attention. 1013-1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. G. HUGHES, BLACKSMITH AND WAGON MAKER, BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

HURST AND OX SHOEING, AND GENERAL JOBBING

R. A. LEALE, MANUFACTURER OF Sarsaparilla and Iron Sarsaparilla, Ginger Ale, Soda Water, Etc. BODIE, CAL.

W. A. R. LOOSE, ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST, BODIE, CALIFORNIA.

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EVERYBODY READS THE CHRONICLE-UNION—\$3 PER YEAR.

THE LEADING PAPER OF MONO COUNTY.

ADVERTISE IN THE CHRONICLE-UNION.

A CLEAN FAMILY JOURNAL.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, MAY 28, 1892.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Personal.

P. E. Van Loan was over from Bodie on Sunday.

Superintendent Leggett, of the Standard Con. mine, was over from Bodie on Sunday.

Willie Butler, with Noy's big team arrived from Carson on Tuesday, loaded for Lundy.

Charles Rickey is up from Antelope.

Charles Summers arrived yesterday from Long Valley with a band of cattle for Kirman & Rickey.

Dr. Clark Sinclair and wife returned from Antelope last evening.

Mrs. H. M. Eddy will arrive from Oakland this evening by Delat's Carion stage.

FOURTH OF JULY.

If the citizens of Bridgeport propose to celebrate the coming Fourth it is time some action should be taken in the matter, as the time is getting short. We suggest that our people meet at the Court House on Monday evening next at 7:30 o'clock to decide whether we will celebrate or not.

MEMORIAL DAY.—Monday next, the 30th, will be Memorial Day, and consequently a legal holiday. Adjutant General Allen has issued orders that no company of the National Guard shall observe the Day going on picnics, etc., as it is a day of mourning for the heroic dead, and not a day for festivities. This is in accordance with a resolution of the Grand Army. The people of this Union can well afford to give one day in memory of the gallant ones who gave their lives in the defense of the flag of their country and for the preservation of the Union of the States. As usual, the people of Bridgeport will decorate the graves of the few heroes who are resting in our Cemetery, and of those of departed friends.

A BERNARD.—Under the appropriate heading it will be seen that our young friend, Charles A. Leavitt, youngest son of Judge H. L. Leavitt, of this place, has discarded the life of a bachelor, and his Bridgeport friends congratulate him on his good fortune, as the Klammath papers speak very highly of his bride. We believe he is the fourth Bridgeporter in that county who has taken unto himself a wife, and their good luck is giving some of our young men the Enkville fever, and an attack of this paper might be on his way to that abode on Cupid were it not for a fear he has that his purse would give out before he reached there, and compel him to be a "tramp printer."

A SMASH UP.—On Wednesday morning after the Bodie stage team had been hitched to the stage, but before the driver took the reins, or had even gotten into the stage, the horses started off on their own hook and made a bee line for the Schuman fence, which they quickly reached and tried to straddle, knocking off a number of pickets, and badly demoralizing the vehicle, which came out of the melee with a broken tongue, a damaged spring, etc. Another vehicle was obtained and the great U. S. Mail went its way to Bodie.

A FINE POLE.—On Wednesday Norm. Hunsdon deposited a fine flag pole, 70 feet long, and straight as it can be, in front of the Chronicle-Union office to replace the old one which was blown down on the 31 July last, and which we had to cut down considerably before we set it up again. In due time we will have another pole raising, and send Old Glory up where it will be seen from a long distance.

RE-INTERRED.—The remains of Charles A. Schuman, in accordance with the request of his wife just before she passed away, were removed from the Bodie Cemetery on Wednesday and brought to Bridgeport and re-interred in our cemetery alongside of his wife on Thursday morning in the presence of his little orphan family and a few friends.

ELECTRICAL.—Superintendent T. H. Leggett, of the Standard Con. mine at Bodie, was here the first of the week, on a prospecting expedition. He has had surveys at the head of Virginia Creek, looking over the field as to the feasibility of erecting an electrical plant to run the mill of the Company at Bodie.

SONORA ROAD.—Over 12,000 sheep arrived in the county this week via the Sonora road. There is a large body of snow on the road, and the "innocents" were five days before they struck a grazing spot, and they will find it rather dry picking at present on this side.

SUMMIT AGREEMENT.—The Summit Gold Mining Company at Bodie, has levied a 5 cent. assessment, delinquency June 27th; sale July 19th. Work in the mine is progressing favorably, and it is said considerable good ore is being taken out. See Notice of Assessment under "New To-day."

DRIVE OUT.—Drive up to Sam Fales' tomorrow, pick flowers, take your annual bath, get a good dinner, and come home re-energized for another hard week's work.

CONCERT.—Another Superintendent Anderson has decided that perhaps he had better keep school on holidays to make up for lost time.

HANCOCK POST G. A. R.

The members of Hancock Post, G. A. R., will decorate the graves of comrades and friends on Monday next, Memorial Day.—The Bridgeport Brass Band has kindly consented to assist. Will assemble in front of Court House at 11 a. m. All are invited to participate.

HOUSE CLEANING.—This is house cleaning week at the Court House. Janitor Crowell has the matting all up, and a general clean up is in order. The Supervisors should have made some provision for painting the Court House outside. The longer the painting is postponed the more it will cost, and the hot sun will act on the wood-work to such an extent as to require the services of a carpenter to put it in shape for painting. There is no economy putting off such necessary work. The building should have been painted last year.

Ball at Lundy.

Taylor & Stewart will give a grand ball at Lundy on the evening of June 8th, in honor of the completion and opening of their new hall—Lake View Hall, which is said to be a large and imposing structure and a credit to Lundy, which has long needed a public hall. Taylor & Stewart have engaged the Bridgeport Brass Band to give eclat to the grand opening, and they are sparing no expense in their preparations to make it a memorable occasion to all who attend. If all the Bridgeporters go who talk of doing so, our town will be decorated. It is a pleasant time of the year to visit Lundy.

Should Not Be Closed.

Petitions for closing the World's Fair on Sundays are still being showered on the Secretary of the National Commission at Chicago, the last footing showing that 11,380, 150 men and women have asked to have the Exposition closed on this day. The largest lists come from Michigan and Ohio, about 4,000,000 signatures from each State.—Pennsylvania shows a list of 1,700,000.—The names from California number 170, 611. Georgia sends a total of six names, and North Dakota only one name. Besides these petitions, others are constantly being laid before the House of Representatives and United States Senate in Washington, urging that the Fair be closed on Sundays.

The people of Georgia and North Dakota show good sense in refusing to sign such petitions. If the Fair is closed on Sunday's thousands of the working classes will not be able to visit the exposition. It is our private opinion that God will not look with disfavor upon those who may look upon the works of Nature and the cunning handiwork of man as exhibited at Chicago if the doors are opened to the multitude on the Sabbath Day.

SHOCKING SUICIDE.—Alexander Sharpe, superintendent of the Arnot gravel mine at Brandy City, committed suicide at that place by blowing himself to pieces with giant powder.

It was about 7 o'clock in the morning and the day shift had just gone to work.—Sharp went out and saw the men go to work, and then went into a cabin and prepared a cartridge of giant, adjusting a cap and fuse to the stick of powder. He lay down on the floor, and placing the cartridge on his stomach reached for a few handfuls of wet mud which he had prepared. With this he covered the cartridge and plastered it down, and then coolly touched off the fuse. There was a dull roar, and the miners rushing in found Sharpe's body literally torn to fragments.

The Southern Pacific is surveying a route from Milton via Copperopolis, Angels Camp, etc., to the Calaveras Big Trees, to which the railroad will be extended from Milton. This will be a grand thing for Calaveras county, and a great boon to the traveling public, and will make the Big Trees one of the most popular places of resort in the State. The horrible dusty road between the Trees and Mariposa has been a great drawback to travel in that section.

"An Errant Galatea" is the title of an amusing French sketch published in translation in the Argonaut of May 30th. It tells of a Parisian wig-maker who has in his shop window a marvellously beautiful wax figure, with which half Paris falls in love. It is singularly life-like, and its hours are most mysterious; but it is not until it has eloped with a gay clubman that the world learns that the figure is really the wig-maker's pretty wife.

While firing a salute to the Governor in San Francisco on Tuesday morning on the occasion of the editorial excursion Fred. C. Wells, of the 2d Artillery, N. G., had his left hand shot off through the carol-singers, undoubtedly, of the man at the vent. The young man is only 23 years old, and must fight the battle of life with only one hand. The cannon was an old muzzled loader, and should be discarded for the modern breech loader.

IS IT SCARCE?—Is Nevada home talent so scarce that the Reno School Trustees are obliged to import a teacher from Montana? Everything being equal home talent should have the preference.

BARNS, the great trotter of years ago, died of old age, 25 years. The Chronicle-Union's old trotter Junie is 31 years old and "happy and content" and her own boss.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

Much quiet but effective work is now being done in many counties of the State in preparing exhibits for the World's Columbian Exposition next year. Rivalry has caused some counties to keep their detailed plans to themselves with the thought that if they are made public an attempt will be made elsewhere to duplicate these plans.—In projects of this nature more effective work is always in progress than is apparent on the surface. All departments in direct touch with the State Commission are zealously and actively at work, and taking the State as a whole, California's World's Fair exhibit is in a very satisfactory state of preparation.

The Committee on Ways and Means at Chicago has decided on the erection of three towers on the World's Fair grounds, each tower to be about 300 feet high. These are intended for the accommodation of sight-seers who visit the Fair. They will not be ordinary steel and iron frames, but beautifully ornamental structures, modeled after towers found in Italy and other portions of southern Europe. Each tower, according to present plans, will cost \$200,000. It is said that the project of erecting a single tower 1000 feet high has practically been abandoned by its projectors.

It should be kept in mind that applications for space in the Department Buildings at Chicago must be filed before July 1st of this year. This refers to any piece of machinery, mineral, agricultural product, and in fact any article that is desired to be submitted in competition with articles of like nature from the different States of this Union and from foreign nations.

The first of the great Department Buildings at Chicago to be completed is the Mines and Mining Building. This building is 700 feet long and 350 feet wide.—Three more of the Department Buildings are nearing completion.

The applications for space in Machinery Hall, at Chicago, have so far exceeded the amount of room provided for, that another large special building must be erected.

The Dairy Industry.

The dairy industry in this State is making such rapid progress as to encourage the belief that before another half decade passes it will not only supply the consumptive demand but will give a large surplus for shipping out of the State. In 1888 the receipts of butter at San Francisco aggregated \$3,376,700 pounds of California and 3, 507,500 pounds of eastern. Last year the receipts aggregated 10,484,000 pounds of California and 1,580,900 pounds of Eastern. This shows a remarkable increase in the receipt of California butter within the short space of three years. Not only do the receipts of butter show a large increase but the receipts of cheese have kept fully abreast. In 1888 receipts of California cheese at San Francisco aggregated 3,321, 700 pounds, and last year the aggregate was 4,427,800 pounds. When it is considered that San Francisco in point of population is only about one fifth of that of the entire State, then the rapid strides made by the dairy industry is readily seen.—Record-Union.

The starting of creameries on this side of the mountains will have a still further tendency to step, or decrease, shipments of butter from the East—and the butter made on this side is "gilt edged."

The Census Office has issued a bulletin giving the population of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania in 1890 by color, sex and general nativity. The total population of New York is given as 5,927,853, of which 4,426,803 were native born and 1,501,050 foreign born. New Jersey had a population of 1,444,003, of which 1,115, 935 were native and 328,075 foreign born. Pennsylvania's population of 5,238,014 was made up of 4,412,294 native and 845, 720 of foreign birth. The number of males in the three States has increased during the last decade 22.34 per cent.

One of the finest opals in the world is to be worn on the turban of the Japanese Minister in Washington. It is as large as a pigeon's egg and surrounded by diamonds.

Last Saturday's edition of the S. F. Report was a mammoth one—24 pages of general news and other matter of interest, and paper well worth preserving for future reference.

The Olympic Club of San Francisco arranged for a sparring match for the entertainment of the visiting editors, but the editors very properly declined the invitation.

Judge Morrow, of the U. S. District Court, San Francisco, on Monday, sentenced Abe Jones, the stage robber, to 20 years imprisonment.

The Mormons have been granted 100,000 acres of fine farm land in Mexico, and as soon as the Utah harvest is over 500 families will go to the new colony.

The steel used by the United States navy is recommended by the Austrian Society of Engineers as the best known in practical science.

BIRTHS.

COYLE.—In Bridgeport, May 28, to the wife of Thomas F. Coyle, a son.

MARRIAGES.

LEAVITT—LINCOLN.—At Klammath Falls, late Linkville, Oregon, May 19th, Charles A. Leavitt, formerly of Bridgeport, to Miss Vina Lincoln.

SHORT TARIFF SERMON.

New York Economist.

FREE-TRADE PERIODS.

Free-Trade has had five periods of relative prevalence in the history of the United States—i. e., there have been five distinctly marked periods when foreign competing imports have been freer than at any other time to enter our ports, to the subversion and overthrow of domestic competing industries. These were:

1. The colonial period, ending with throwing over the tea in Boston Harbor and the battle of Lexington in 1775. The British Parliament forbade us by law to manufacture in order that they might monopolize our market. This chiefly impelled us toward the war for independence.

2. The "peace under confederation" period from 1783 to 1789, when no national duties on imports existed. This chiefly impelled us to adopt the Federal Constitution.

3. The period of the so-called reciprocity treaty with England in 1816 to 1824, culminating in the financial crisis of 1817-19.

4. The Compromise Tariff period of 1833 to 1842, including the unparalleled crisis of 1836-39.

5. The Walker Tariff period of 1846 to '57, intensified by the further reduction in '57 and thus prolonged to March 3, 1861.

This period was marked by a general poverty or "hard times" crisis, setting in in the summer of 1854, continuing into a bankruptcy and non-payment crisis in 1855, which caused a mercantile bankruptcy crisis in England in 1856, and this reacting produced the bank crisis in America in 1857, after which the country struggled on in a pauperized condition until 1861.

Without a single exception, our every approach to Free-Trade brought disaster, particularly to farmers and working people. Do we want any more of it?

A competition has for a long time past been carried on among the English iron-masters as to the degree of thinness to which cold iron could be rolled. In one case the sheets have been rolled to an average thickness or thinness of the eighteenth hundredth part of an inch or in other words, eighteen hundred sheets of this iron, piled one upon another, would measure only one inch in thickness. And this marvellous fineness of work may be more readily understood when this fact is borne in mind that the great number of twelve hundred sheets of thinnest tissue paper measures a slight fraction over an inch. It also appears that these wonderful iron sheets were perfectly smooth and easy to write upon, notwithstanding the fact of their being porous when held up in a strong light.—Philadelphia Press.

Do you know what is the best burglar trap or rather burglar warning? It is a newspaper. Spread a good-sized one across a hall floor. The burglar cannot leap over it without making a noise. The same result will attend an effort to fold it up, and to walk on it is to rouse the house. Spread a few newspapers on the stairs, one on the rail, so that the man cannot take to that, and sleep in peace till the crier rattle comes that lets you know of danger or the cat. There can be no silent prowling over newspapers.—Newport Daily News.

A Southern paper advertises for a collector as follows: "We desire an able-bodied hard featured, bad tempered, not-to-be-punished and not-to-be-backed-down young man to collect for us. Must furnish his own horse, saddle-bags, bowie knife and cow-hide. We will furnish the accounts. To such a young person we promise constant and laborious employment."

The duty of the American citizen is to submit gracefully to the will of the majority. This is the invariable test of good citizenship.—Carson News.

As the majority of the States in our Union have declared against the free coinage of silver, why do not the people of Nevada submit gracefully to the will of the majority? "the invariable test of good citizenship?"

A subscription of \$32 37 from each inhabitant of the United States would wipe out every national, State and municipal debt in the country.

A miniature tobacco plantation is to be one of the exhibits at the Chicago Columbian Exposition.

In the Nick of Time.
The tick of time to stop the course of bladder and kidney complaints is when the organs concerned exhibit a tendency to grow inactive.—The healthful impulse toward activity that they receive from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters rescues them from impending danger, and averts such dangerous maladies as Bright's disease and diabetes. Sluggishness of the kidneys increases a liability to chronic rheumatism, gout and dropsy, and since the blood is filtered by these organs in its passage through them, the operation of these bitters serves a doubly happy purpose. The medicine acts without exciting, like the fiery stimulants of commerce. Malarial, dyspeptic, constipated and nervous invalids are thoroughly relieved by it. Since the advent of that shocking malady, la grippe, it has been widely demonstrating its usefulness as a curative and preventative of it.

CAPITOL SALOON.

CORNER OF MAIN AND SINCLAIR STREETS, BRIDGEPORT.

FIRST-CLASS IN ITS APPOINTMENTS, AND THE BEST AT THE BAR.

RICHARD WHITFORD,

Ma n a g e r.

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A FRESH AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST OF GOODS

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EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS REDUCED TO BEDROCK PRICES.
A. F. BRYANT.

JOE A. BROWN,
General Merchandise,
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Choice Family Groceries,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

Candles and Nuts

Yankee Notions,

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